

(第1回)

2021(令和3)年度入学試験問題

英語

(試験時間：50分)

《注 意》

- (1) 問題は **1** ～ **5** まであります。試験開始後、すぐにリスニング問題(**1**)を始めます。終了後、残りの問題を解答してください。
- (2) 解答はすべて解答用紙に記入してください。
- (3) 指定された問い以外はすべて記号で答えなさい。
- (4) 選択肢のないものは、解答欄に書き入れなさい。
- (5) 受験番号、氏名を忘れずに記入してください。

城西大学附属

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1

《リスニング問題》

放送を聞いて後の問いに答えなさい。

A：これから流れる会話とそのあとの質問を聞いて、最も適切な答えを下から1つ選び、記号で答えなさい。※放送回数は2回です。

問1

- ア. Go to Hawaii alone.
- イ. Go on a trip with his wife.
- ウ. Meet his friends from Hawaii.
- エ. Meet his wife living in Hawaii.

問2

- ア. On Tuesday.
- イ. On Thursday.
- ウ. On Friday afternoon.
- エ. On Sunday.

問3

- ア. Going bike riding
- イ. Talking with locals
- ウ. Enjoying the beach
- エ. Tasting good food

問4

- ア. Two days.
- イ. Three days.
- ウ. Seven days.
- エ. Two weeks.

B：これから流れる会話とそのあとの質問を聞いて、最も適切な答えを下から1つ選び、記号で答えなさい。※放送回数は2回です。

問1

- ア. Cathy's birthday present
- イ. Emily's birthday party
- ウ. Emily's lunch
- エ. Paul's assignment

問2

- ア. He doesn't know Emily.
- イ. He doesn't know what Emily likes.
- ウ. His homework isn't finished yet.
- エ. He doesn't know where the library is.

問3

- ア. Meet and study at the library
- イ. Go shopping in the evening
- ウ. Eat lunch
- エ. Go shopping and attend the party

2

次の英文を読んで、あとの問いに答えなさい。

Albert Einstein is ① () of () () famous scientists of all time. (A) his *image and his work have been an *inspiration to young scientists all over the world even after he died in 1955. But many of you may not know how he became a successful scientist.

He was born as the first child of a couple ② (name) Hermann and Pauline on March 14, 1879 in the city of *Ulm, Germany. His father was an electrical engineer and his mother was a musician. They (B) were intelligent but had little interest in science.

Albert was different ③ () other children in many ways. ④ He didn't say his first words () he was two years old. His parents worried that he *might never learn to speak. Even when he was older, he *had trouble answering a question. He didn't speak clearly until he was twelve, so ⑤ his teachers thought he was a slow learner. When Albert became an adult, he said, "I *rarely think in words at all. A thought comes, and I may try to express it in words *afterward."

When he was a young child, he didn't like to play sports or games like other boys. He liked to think by himself, especially about music and science. He loved classical music and learned to play the violin when he was very young. Also, early in his childhood, he was interested ⑥ () science and math. When ⑦ (gave / a watch / his father / him) with a *magnetic compass, all his attention went to the compass. He *was fascinated by how its *needle always pointed to the north. For hours at a time he *was never tired of playing the violin or ⑧ (watch) the compass. Although he was better at science, ⑨ music helped him a lot to become a scientist. When he had to think of a question and couldn't answer it in his research, he listened to or played *Mozart. Sometimes he ⑩ (come) up with the answer ⑪ while he was doing so.

〔注〕 image : イメージ inspiration : 鼓舞 (する人 [もの]) Ulm : ウルム
might : may の過去形 have trouble ~ing : ~するのに苦労する
rarely : めったに~ない afterward : あとで
magnetic compass : 磁気コンパス be fascinated by : ~に魅了される
needle : 針 be tired of ~ing : ~するのに飽きる
Mozart : モーツァルト (西洋音楽史上の最も際立った18世紀の天才音楽家)

問1 下線部①が「アルベルト・アインシュタインは、史上最も有名な科学者の1人です」という意味の英文になるように、() に適する英語を書きなさい。

問2 AとBの() にそれぞれ共通して入る語として最も適切な語を、下から1つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

- ア. Between (between) イ. Both (both)
ウ. Either (either) エ. When (when)

問3 ②、⑧、⑩を文意に合うように適切な形にして書きなさい。

問4 ③に入れるのに最適な語を下から1つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

- ア. in イ. at ウ. from エ. on

問5 下線部④が「彼は2歳になって初めて最初の言葉を話した」という意味の英文になるように、() に入る語を下から1つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

- ア. when イ. until ウ. though エ. and

問6 アインシュタインの先生たちは、なぜ下線部⑤のように考えたのか。日本語で答えなさい。

問7 ⑥に入れるのに最適な語を下から1つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

ア. to イ. in ウ. with エ. of

問8 下線部⑦の語（句）を文意に合うように適切な語順に並び替えなさい。

問9 下線部⑨を和訳しなさい。

問10 下線部⑩は具体的に「彼が何をどのようにしている間」なのか。日本語で答えなさい。

問11 次の日本語が本文に合っているなら○を、合っていないなら×を書きなさい。

ア. アインシュタインの両親は科学に少しは興味があった。

イ. アインシュタインは、大人になっても言葉でものを考えることをめったにしなかった。

ウ. アインシュタインはひとりで考えることが好きで、1つのことに何時間でも没頭した。

エ. アインシュタインは、父親からもらった磁気コンパスの付いた時計に関心しなかった。

オ. アインシュタインは科学よりも音楽の方が好きだったが、科学の方が得意だった。

3 次の各分の意味が通じるように () に入れるのに最も適切なものをア～エから1つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

問1 Welcome () Japan! Have a nice day.

ア. on イ. with ウ. in エ. to

問2 Will you sharpen these (), please?

ア. knife イ. knives ウ. knive エ. knives

問3 The bag was very (), so Helen could not buy it.

ア. cheap イ. expensive ウ. surprising エ. useful

問4 These days, more and more people go abroad () English.

ア. study イ. studied ウ. studying エ. to study

問5 You should answer the e-mail as soon as ().

ア. possible イ. could ウ. can エ. able

問6 My room is not () this bed in.

ア. enough large to put イ. large enough to put
ウ. large enough putting エ. enough to put

問7 Four years have passed () Mr. and Mrs. Smith came to Tokyo.

ア. after イ. before ウ. while エ. since

問8 Ben spent too () time watching TV. He didn't have time to do his homework.

ア. many イ. few ウ. much エ. any

問9 A : I'm going to visit Holland with my family next summer.

B : Oh, that sounds nice. What language is () there?

ア. speak イ. speaking ウ. spoke エ. spoken

問10 Boy : Today's math homework was difficult. ()

Girl : No, but I'm good at math, so maybe I'll be fine.

ア. Shall I help you? イ. Are you free now?
ウ. Have you finished it? エ. Would you like one?

問11 A : Excuse me, but where is the National Museum?

B : Go straight () this street, and you'll see it on your right.

ア. along イ. above ウ. ahead エ. over

問12 Would you mind () a look at your house?

ア. take イ. us taking ウ. to take エ. I take

問13 How long () to get to the station?

ア. you take イ. does it take ウ. it takes you エ. does it takes

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次の [] 内で2番目と5番目に来る語を記号で答えなさい。

問1 冷蔵庫に何か冷たい飲み物がありますか？

[ア cold / イ is / ウ there / エ anything / オ drink / カ to] in the fridge?

問2 コーヒーを1杯いただきたいのですが。

I would [ア a / イ cup / ウ have / エ of / オ to / カ like / キ coffee].

問3 私の兄はイタリア製のペンを持っています。

My brother has [ア in / イ made / ウ Italy / エ a / オ pen].

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あなたが今、一番興味を持っている人（もの・こと）は何ですか。それについて5文以上10文以内の英語で自由に書きなさい。